# SAFETY DATA SHEET



#### Extreme

### **Section 1. Identification**

Product identifier : Extreme
Product code : 184

Other means of

: Not available.

identification

Product type : Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	
Floor Stripper	
Uses advised against	Reason
-	-

Supplier's details : Betco Corporation

1690 Huron Church Road, Suite 169

Windsor ON N9C0AC CA

400 Van Camp Road

Bowling Green, OH 43402 US

www.betco.com 888-462-3826

**Emergency telephone** 

number

: Chemtrec (800) 424-9300 24 hour

#### Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements** : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention**: Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection:

Recommended: splash goggles. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Response**: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a

POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage : Store locked up.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9/4/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 1/13

# Section 2. Hazard identification

**Disposal** 

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Other means of identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number	
2-butoxyethanol	ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve; Ethanol, 2-butoxy-; Butylglycol; Ethylene glycol, mono-n- butyl ester; Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether-; Jeffersol EB; Ektasolve EB; Dowanol EB; Butyl oxitol; EGBE	≥10 - ≤30	111-76-2	
2-aminoethanol	ethanolamine; Ethanol, 2-amino-; Monoethanolamine; 2-Hydroxyethylamine; Ethylolamine; β-Aminoethyl alcohol; Aminoethanol; olamine; colamine; BETA- AMINOETHYL ALCOHOL; Colamine; GLYCINOL (MONOETHANOLAMINE)	≥10 - ≤30	141-43-5	
benzyl alcohol	Benzenemethanol; .alpha Hydroxytoluene; Phenylcarbinol; Phenylmethanol; E 1519; α- hydroxytoluene; Phenylmethyl alcohol; toluenol, alpha-; (hydroxymethyl)benzene; BENZENECARBINOL; alpha- Hydroxytoluene	≥5 - ≤10	100-51-6	

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### Section 4. First-aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

estimates that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9/4/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 2/13

#### Section 4. First-aid measures

#### Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

#### Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact** : Causes severe burns.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** 

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: None known.

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

# Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

# Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

# Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

# Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

# For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

#### For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

#### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### **Precautions for safe handling**

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from acids. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
2-butoxyethanol	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).  8 hrs OEL: 97 mg/m³ 8 hours.  8 hrs OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours.  CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).  TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).  TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).  TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.  CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).  STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
2-aminoethanol	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).  8 hrs OEL: 7.5 mg/m³ 8 hours.  8 hrs OEL: 3 ppm 8 hours.  15 min OEL: 15 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  15 min OEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.  CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).  TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.  STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).  TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.  STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).  TWAEV: 3 ppm 8 hours.  TWAEV: 7.5 mg/m³ 8 hours.  STEV: 6 ppm 15 minutes.  STEV: 15 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).  STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.
benzyl alcohol	OARS WEEL (United States, 4/2022). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

#### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9/4/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 5/13

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

# Appropriate engineering controls

# : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

# **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** 

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. Recommended: splash goggles

**Skin protection** 

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Green. Clear.

Odor : Lemon-like. [Strong]

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : 11.8 to 12.8

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Boiling point, initial boiling : Not available.

point, and boiling range

Flash point : Closed cup: >120°C (>248°F)

Flammability : Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 9/4/2024Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 16/13

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit

: Not available.

Vapor pressure

	Vapor Pressure at 20°C		e at 20°C	\	/apor pres	sure at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Methanol	126.96	16.9				
water	17.5	2.3				
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene	1.5	0.2				
2-butoxyethanol	0.75	0.1				
Linalyl acetate	<0.75	<0.1				
2-aminoethanol	0.4	0.053				
Linalool	0.2	0.027	OECD 104			
2,6-dimethyloct-7-en-2-ol	0.15	0.02	EU A.4			
citronellol	<0.08	<0.011				
benzyl alcohol	0.05	0.0067				
alpha-Terpineol	0.049	0.0065				
citral	0.03	0.004				
eugenol	0.03	0.004				
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	0.01	0.0013				
2,2'-iminodiethanol	<0.0075	<0.001				
1-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- 3,5,5,6,8,8-hexamethyl-2-naphthyl) ethan-1-one	0.00051	0.000068	OECD 104			
benzyl salicylate	0.000078	0.00001				
dodecyldimethylamine oxide	0.00000016	0.000000021				
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	0	0				
geraniol	0	0				

Relative vapor density : Not available.
Relative density : 0.99577
Solubility(ies) :

Media	Result
	Easily soluble Easily soluble

Solubility in water : Not available.

Miscible with water : Yes.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature

Date of issue/Date of revision: 9/4/2024Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 17/13

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Ingredient name	°C	°F M	ethod
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	>200	>392	
trisodium nitrilotriacetate	>200	>392	
citral	225	437	DIN 51794
2-butoxyethanol	230	446	DIN 51794
Linalool	235	455	
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene	237	458.6	
citronellol	240	464	
Linalyl acetate	270	518	EU A.15
sodium xylenesulphonate	320.9	609.6	EU A.16
2-aminoethanol	410	770	
benzyl alcohol	436	816.8	
benzyl salicylate	440	824	
1-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3,5,5,6,8,8-hexamethyl-2-naphthyl)ethan-1-one	>400	>752	EU A.16
Methanol	455	851	DIN 51794
2,2'-iminodiethanol	662	1223.6	

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Not available.

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

**Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

acids

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** 

Date of issue/Date of revision: 9/4/2024Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 18/13

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-butoxyethanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	450 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	220 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	250 mg/kg	-
2-aminoethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1720 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1230 mg/kg	-

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	500 mg	-
2-aminoethanol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	250 ug	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	505 mg	-
benzyl alcohol	Skin - Mild irritant	Man	_	48 hours 16	-
_				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Pig	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 100	-
				mg	

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	IARC	NTP	ACGIH
2-butoxyethanol	3	-	A3

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2-aminoethanol	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
2-butoxyethanol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

**Potential acute health effects** 

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9/4/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 9/13

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes severe burns.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Extreme	2120.3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-butoxyethanol	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-aminoethanol	1720	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
benzyl alcohol	1230	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9/4/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 10/13

## **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1250 ppm Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
2-aminoethanol	Acute EC50 8.42 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus	72 hours
	_	subspicatus	
	Acute LC50 >100000 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
		- Adult	
	Acute LC50 170 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
benzyl alcohol	Acute LC50 10 ppm Fresh water	Fish - <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-butoxyethanol	0.81	-	Low
2-aminoethanol	-1.31	-	Low
benzyl alcohol	0.87	-	Low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

#### Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

	TDG Classification	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1760	UN1760	UN1760	UN1760
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-aminoethanol)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-aminoethanol)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-aminoethanol)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-aminoethanol)
Transport hazard class(es)	8	8 CORPOSITE S	8	8

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9/4/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 11/13

## **Section 14. Transport information**

Packing group	II	[II	II	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

**Additional information** 

**TDG Classification** : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous

Goods Regulations: 2.40-2.42 (Class 8).

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

## **Section 15. Regulatory information**

**Canadian lists** 

**Canadian NPRI** : The following components are listed: 2-butoxyethanol **CEPA Toxic substances** : The following components are listed: 2-butoxyethanol

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

**Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)** 

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

Not listed.

**Inventory list** 

**Australia** : At least one component is not listed. Canada : All components are listed or exempted. China : At least one component is not listed.

**Eurasian Economic Union** 

: Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.

**Japan** : Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

**New Zealand** : All components are listed or exempted. : All components are listed or exempted. **Philippines** 

Republic of Korea : Not determined.

**Taiwan** All components are listed or exempted.

**Thailand** : Not determined. **Turkey** : Not determined. **United States** Not determined. **Viet Nam** : Not determined.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9/4/2024 Version:1 12/13 Date of previous issue : No previous validation

## Section 16. Other information

#### **History**

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revision

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**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
J 3 7	On basis of test data On basis of test data

References : Not available.

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9/4/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 13/13